

Japanese companies
in South China

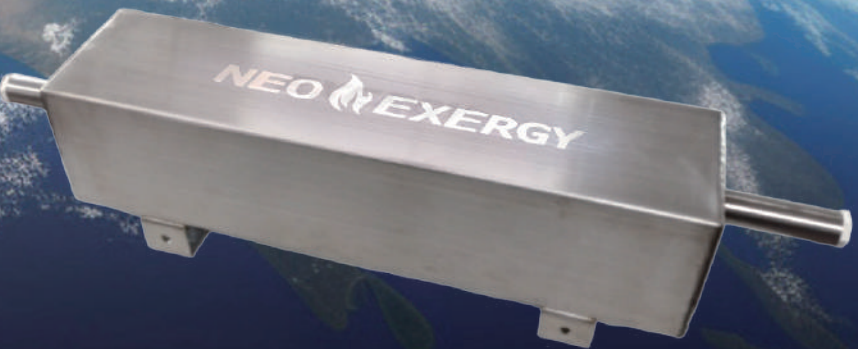
Delivered to
over 300 companies!

Bridgestone / Omron Electronics / Ricoh / YKK / Toshiba / Toray /
Brother Industries / Pioneer / Fuji Xerox / Seiko / Epson / Olympus /
Mandom / Meiji Dairies / Yuasa Battery / Nissin Kogyo / Mitsumi Electric /
Takahata Seiko 2 Factory / Sankyo Precision / Fuji Electric / Hosiden /
Dongyang Wanghe / Sanyo Group Companies / Nippon Express /
JHN Oil / Obara Chemical / Arai Rubber / Yamashita Rubber /Dainichi Kako /
Kanematsu Group / Takagi Auto Parts /Sumiden Group Companies /
Shikoku Electric Wire / Bando Electric Wire / Nidec / Shibakawa Electronics /
Giken Optical / Yamaichi Electronics Tokyo Denko / JO Tech / TOMOS /
Aoki Construction / Morito Jitsugyo / Nippon Aleph / Tokyo Pigeon /
Nitto Kogyo / OTAX / CAMPLAS / Nishimatsu Construction /
Aoki Construction and others

Simultaneously reduces both
fuel consumption and greenhouse gas emissions.

Fuel consumption
CO₂
NO_x reduction
SO_x

Clean up the Earth!
A clean environment for the next generation



Circulation treatment method (inside the treatment tank)

- 1. Circulation treatment is the best way to treat fuel thoroughly.
- 2. A sub-tank is easily modified to serve as a treatment tank.
- 3. Heavy oil / diesel in the treatment tank is circulated.
- 4. Fuel is circulated 15 times by the equipment and reformed into high-quality fuel.

NEO-EXERGY Product Specifications				NEO-EXERGY High heat resistance (for Type C heavy oil)			
Model number	Usage (per day)	Length	Connection port size	Model number	Usage (per day)	Length	Connection port size
NEO-50	~1,000 ℓ	400mm	15mm (1/2")	NEO-HT50	~1,000 ℓ	400mm	15mm (1/2")
NEO-100	1,000~2,000 ℓ	620mm	20mm (3/4")	NEO-HT100	1,000~2,000 ℓ	620mm	20mm (3/4")
NEO-300	2,000~3,000 ℓ	700mm	20mm (3/4")	NEO-HT300	2,000~3,000 ℓ	700mm	20mm (3/4")

We will check the current usage and site conditions and then design and propose the model number and installation method.

【What to check before design】

- Type of oil ■Monthly operating days ■Daily fuel usage
- Monthly fuel consumption ■Fuel price
- Capacity of main tank and service tank
- Presence and size of day tank (small tank)
- Number of engines, boilers etc.

Manufactured and developed by: NANOBEST JAPAN Company Limited
Distributed by: Nakusul Japan LLC
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FUEL REFORMER
NEO EXERGY
Fuel reforming filter device

To a higher level of oil quality

Diesel A · B · C Heavy oil Residue oil



Boilers, generators, trucks, heavy machinery, ships, combustion furnaces, etc.

Reduce fuel consumption and greenhouse gas emissions such as CO₂ .

Environmental Regulations

Rising oil prices

Reduce fuel costs reduction

Reduce CO₂ , NO_x, and SO_x emissions

Maintenance-free for 20 years

NEO EXERGY
FUEL REFORMER
Fuel reforming filter device

Special filter structure improves oil quality to a higher level

Our equipment's filter function does more than just filter fuel. It breaks down large non-combustible oil particles that have accumulated in the fuel tank into small particles and burns all the fuel that has escaped into the atmosphere as soot until now.

※ Circulation pumps may require replacement due to wear and life.

- Fuel Consumption** The refined oil particles bind with oxygen, improving combustion efficiency.
- Black smoke and PM** Clumps of oil particles that cannot be completely burned can be used, reducing emissions.
- NO_x, SO_x** Less oxygen is left, thus less is expelled.

A·B·C heavy oil Diesel Waste oil

(Japan) Report on effectiveness of electronically controlled engines

Fuel usage fee (diesel) **6% reduction**

【Hong Kong Government】Partner Program introduced in 2009

Diesel fuel consumption in boilers **13.5% reduction**

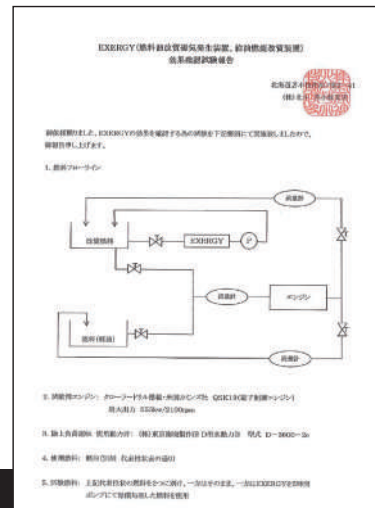


Table with 4 columns: Test Item, Test Method, Test Result, and Remarks. It details the performance of the NEO EXERGY device in reducing fuel consumption and emissions.

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Since this device does not change the fuel itself, it has no adverse effects on the machinery or other equipment used.

An example of annual reduction results

Japanese Company (China)	Annual fuel consumption	Reduction effect	Fuel savings	CO ₂ reduction
Heavy oil Nippon Wire	1,620KL	21%	340 KL	892 t
Diesel Kyowa Plastics	1,620KL	15%	243 KL	637 t
Heavy oil Seimei Aluminium	1,400KL	20%	280 KL	734 t
Diesel Uniden	1,400KL	15%	210 KL	550 t
Heavy oil Takahata Seiko	1,080KL	20%	216 KL	560 t
Heavy oil Dainichi Seiko Chemical	900KL	20%	180 KL	472 t

Company	Fuel Type	Annual fuel consumption	CO ₂ reduction
Showa Plastics	Diesel	17%	CO ₂ reduction / 645 t
Fuji Electronics	Heavy oil	20%	CO ₂ reduction / 435 t
OB Industries	Heavy oil	20%	CO ₂ reduction / 377 t

Bridgestone Golf: Boiler



CO₂ · fuel consumption **annual reduction 25%**
Heavy oil **Fuel savings: 90,000L**
CO₂ reduction: 236t
Annual fuel consumption; 360,000 L → 270,000 L
CO₂ Emissions **944 t → 708 t**

Diesel truck fuel



Introduced in 2011

Truck fuel tank 400L Reformed in a 30-ton treatment tank

Annual fuel consumption CO₂ reduction **10.6% reduction**
Average Diesel

Omron Electronics: Generator



CO₂ · fuel consumption **annual reduction 15%**
Diesel **Fuel savings: 810KL**
CO₂ reduction: 2,125t
Annual fuel consumption; 5,400KL → 4,590KL
CO₂ Emissions **14,164 t → 12,039 t**

Greatly improved To a higher level of oil quality



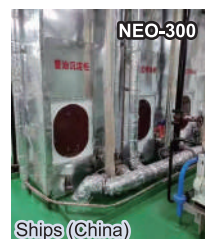
Sapporo International University (Japan)



Ogawa Iron Works Co., Ltd. (Thailand Factory)



Daioh Package (Japanese company in China)



Ships (China)



Truck fuel tank

Comparison of soot measurement results; A heavy oil (boiler)

	Nitrogen oxide concentration	Sulphur oxide concentration	Density	Total heat generation	Sulphur content
Before reform	120	0.30	0.8645	45200	0.40
After reform	Decrease rate (110) 8.3%	Decrease rate (0.19) 36%	0.8539	45410	Decrease rate (0.26) 35%

Generator Testing

Fuel consumption to supply 1kWh to an electric water heater

Industrial Diesel Fuel

Fuel consumption **625ml → 525ml (-16%)**

HC	793 ppm	HC	423 ppm
CO	1.47%	CO	0.29%
CO ₂	3.39%	CO ₂	3.83%

Unburned Hydrocarbons **-47%**
Carbon monoxide (toxic exhaust gas) **-80%**
Complete combustion of CO₂ **+13%**

High-grade fuel **Euro-5**

Fuel consumption **492ml → 456ml (-7.3%)**

HC	424 ppm	HC	314 ppm
CO	0.51%	CO	0.09%
CO ₂	4.30%	CO ₂	4.51%

Unburned Hydrocarbons **-25.9%**
Carbon monoxide (toxic exhaust gas) **-82%**
Complete combustion of CO₂ **+4.9%**